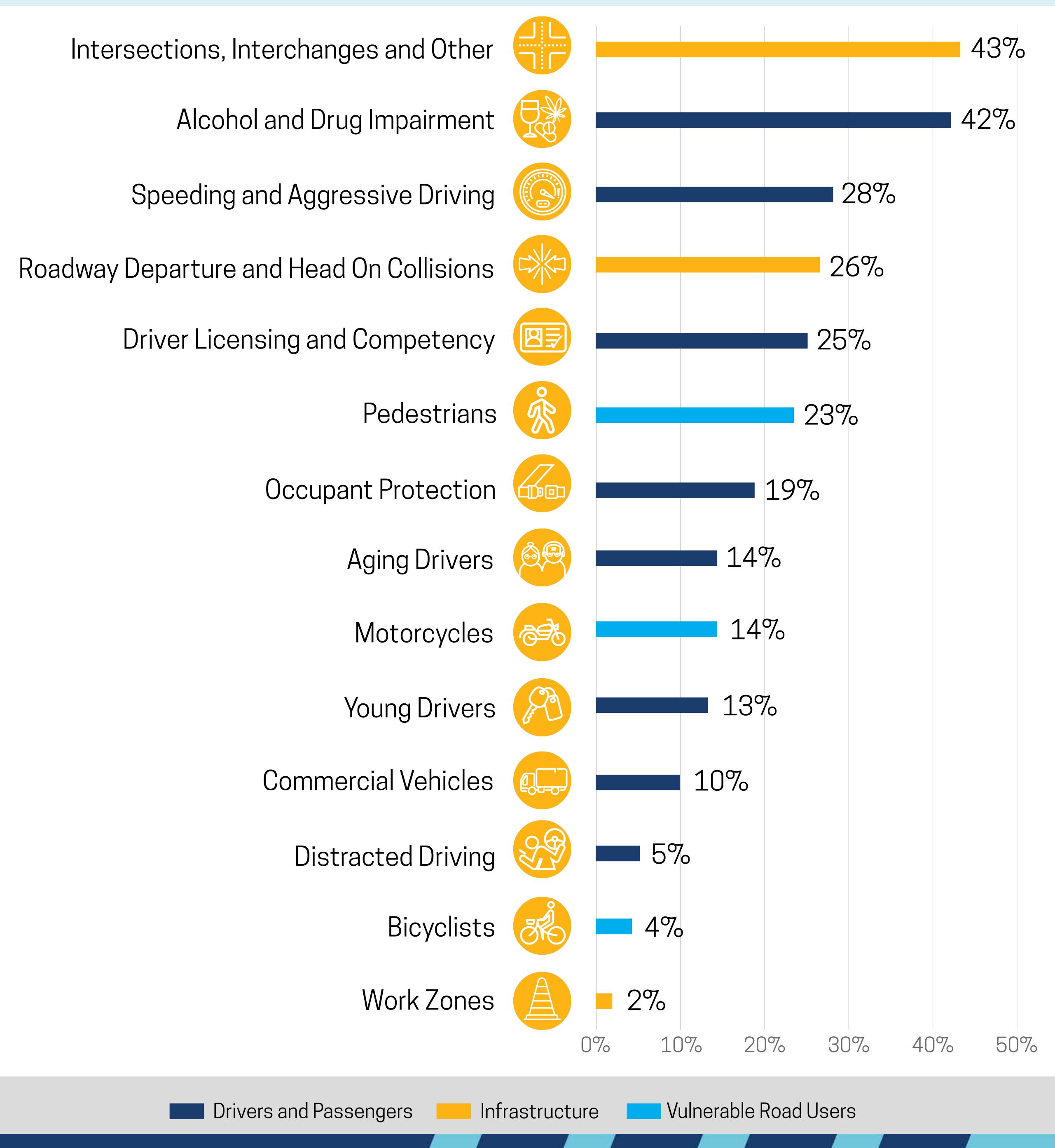
# COLLISION OVERVIEW

#### 2008 - 2017 Statewide Percent of Total Fatalities



# Safe Public Roads Across California

# MISSION

Ensure safety for all modes of travel on California's public roads

# OBJECTIVE.

Zero Fatalities & Serious Injuries



# VULNERABLE ROAD USERS







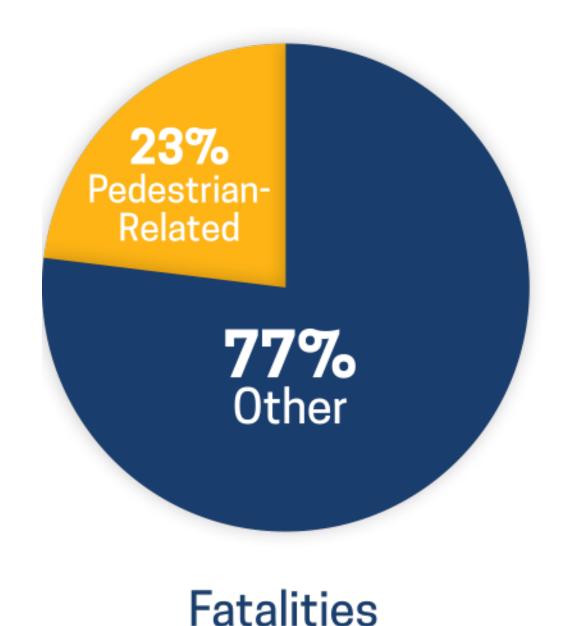


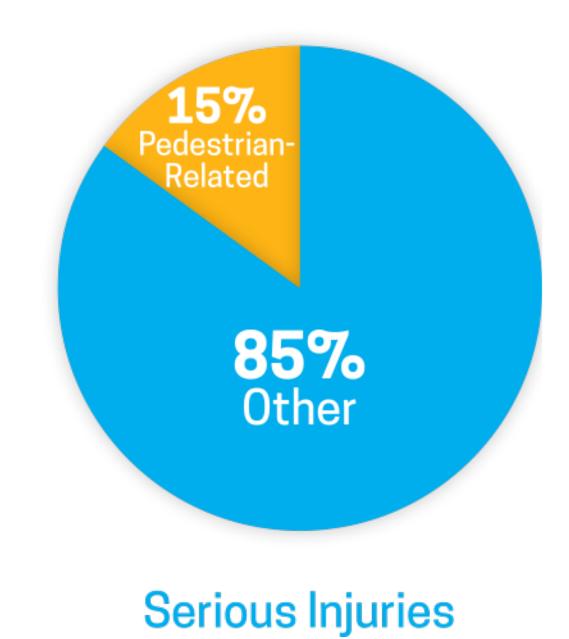


Pedestrians include any person on foot, walking, running, jogging, hiking, sitting, or lying down who is involved in a motor vehicle collision. A pedestrian-related collision includes when the victim role is pedestrian.

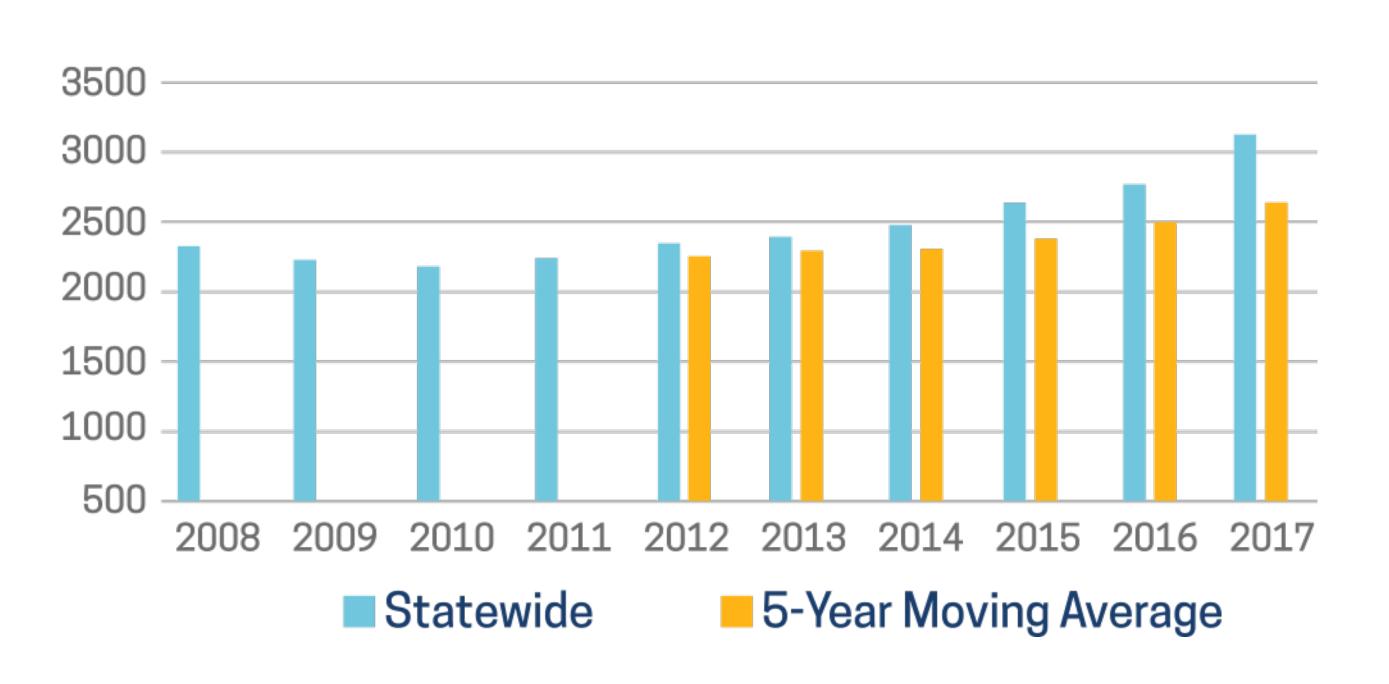
Walking in California is popular for both recreation and as a means of travel. Pedestrians are especially vulnerable to impact by motor vehicles. Pedestrians account for approximately 23% of traffic fatalities in California.

#### 2008 - 2017 Statewide





#### 2008 - 2017 Collisions



### How would you reduce pedestrian-related collisions?

#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



Median and Pedestrian Crossing Islands



Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon



Leading Pedestrian Intervals



Walkways



Road Diet



Crosswalk Enhancements



Curb Extensions



Lighting and Illumination



Advance Yield/Stop Lines



Push Button & Signal Timing



Right-Turn-on-Red Restrictions



Targeted enforcement of high-risk actions of drivers and pedestrians



Behavioral campaign targeted at high-risk behaviors of drivers and pedestrians



Vehicle enhancements to reduce frequency and severity of pedestrian collisions



Emergency response enhancements to assist pedestrian collisions

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce pedestrian collisions?

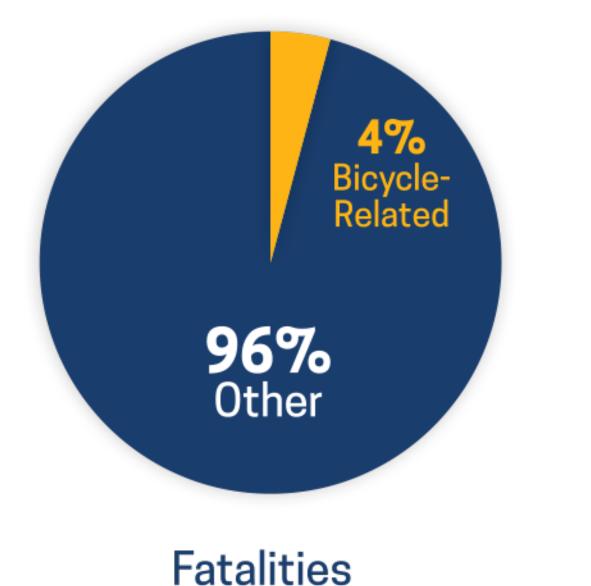


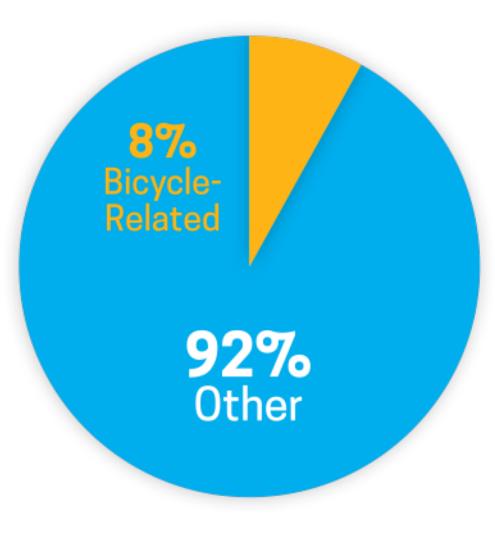


Bicyclists are riders of two-wheel, non motorized vehicles, tricycles, and unicycles powered solely by pedals.

Bicycling in California is popular for both recreation and as a means of travel. Bicyclists are often more difficult to see and are especially vulnerable to impact by motor vehicles. Bicyclists account for approximately 4% of traffic fatalities in California.

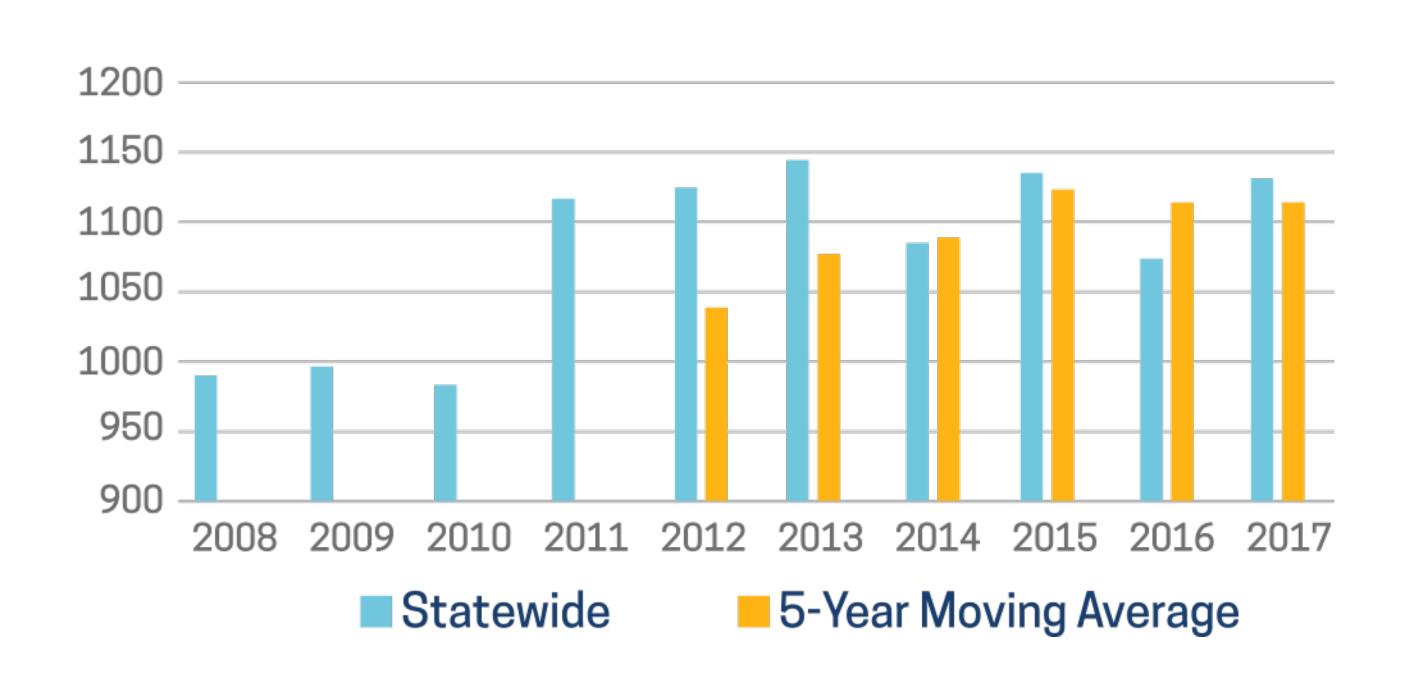






Serious Injuries

2008 - 2017 Collisions



### How would you reduce bicycle-related collisions?

#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



Median and Pedestrian Crossing Islands



Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon



Road Diet



Corridor Access Management



Roadway Surface Improvements



ighting Improvements



Repetitive/Short-term Maintenance



Signal Additions/Improvements





Pavement Marking Improvements



Separated Facilities



Targeted enforcement of high-risk actions of drivers and bicyclists



Behavioral campaign targeted at high-risk behaviors of drivers and bicyclists



Vehicle enhancements to reduce frequency and severity of bicyclist collisions



Emergency response enhancements to assist bicyclist collisions

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice) guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce bicycle collisions?

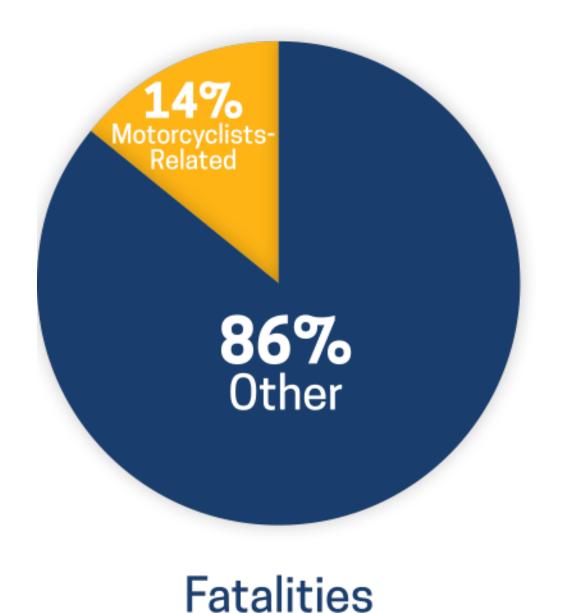


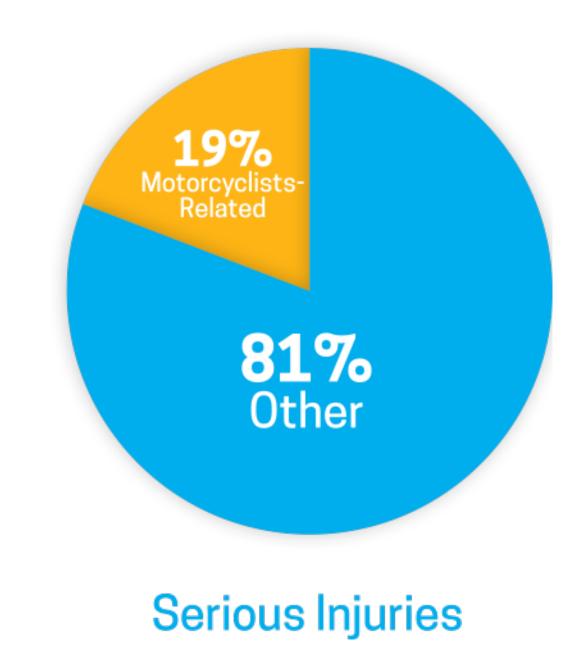


Motorcyclists are all riders on a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle (<15 hp), and motorized bicycle.

Motorcyclists are often more difficult to see and are vulnerable to impact by motor vehicles. Motorcyclists account for approximately 14% of traffic fatalities in California.

#### 2008 - 2017 Statewide





2008 - 2017 Collisions 3500 3000 2500 2000 1500 1000 500 5-Year Moving Average Statewide

### How would you reduce motorcycle-related collisions?

#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



Roadside Design Improvement at



Enhanced Delineation and Friction for Horizontal Curves



Drainage and Shoulders



Roadway Surface Improvements





Sight Distance Improvements



Targeted enforcement of high-risk actions of drivers and motorcycles



Behavioral campaign targeted at high-risk behaviors of drivers and motorcyclists



Vehicle enhancements to reduce frequency and severity of motorcycle collisions



Emergency response enhancements to assist motorcycle collisions



Motorcycle rider training

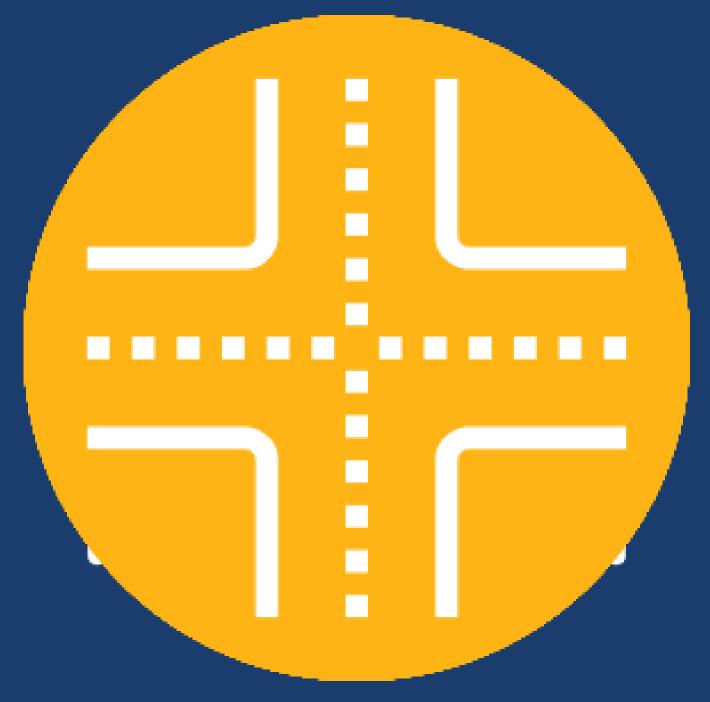
- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice) guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce motorcycle collisions?



# INFRASTRUCTURE



Roadway Departure and Head-on Collisions



Intersections, Interchanges, and Other Roadway Access

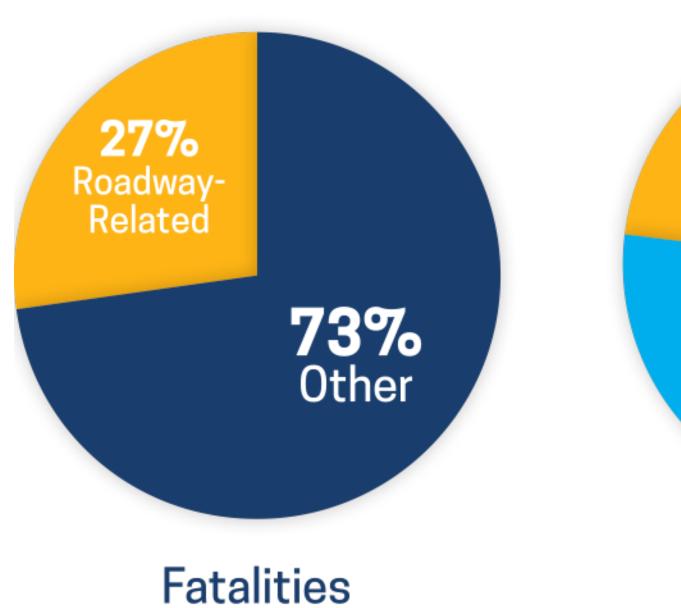


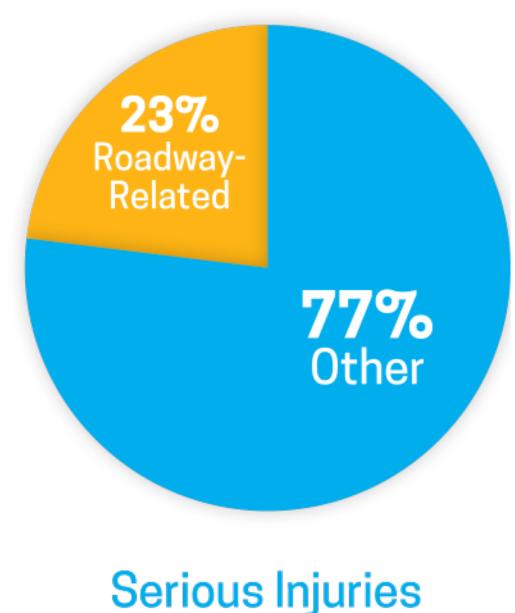


Roadway departures include run off road, crossed into opposing lanes, and head-on collisions.

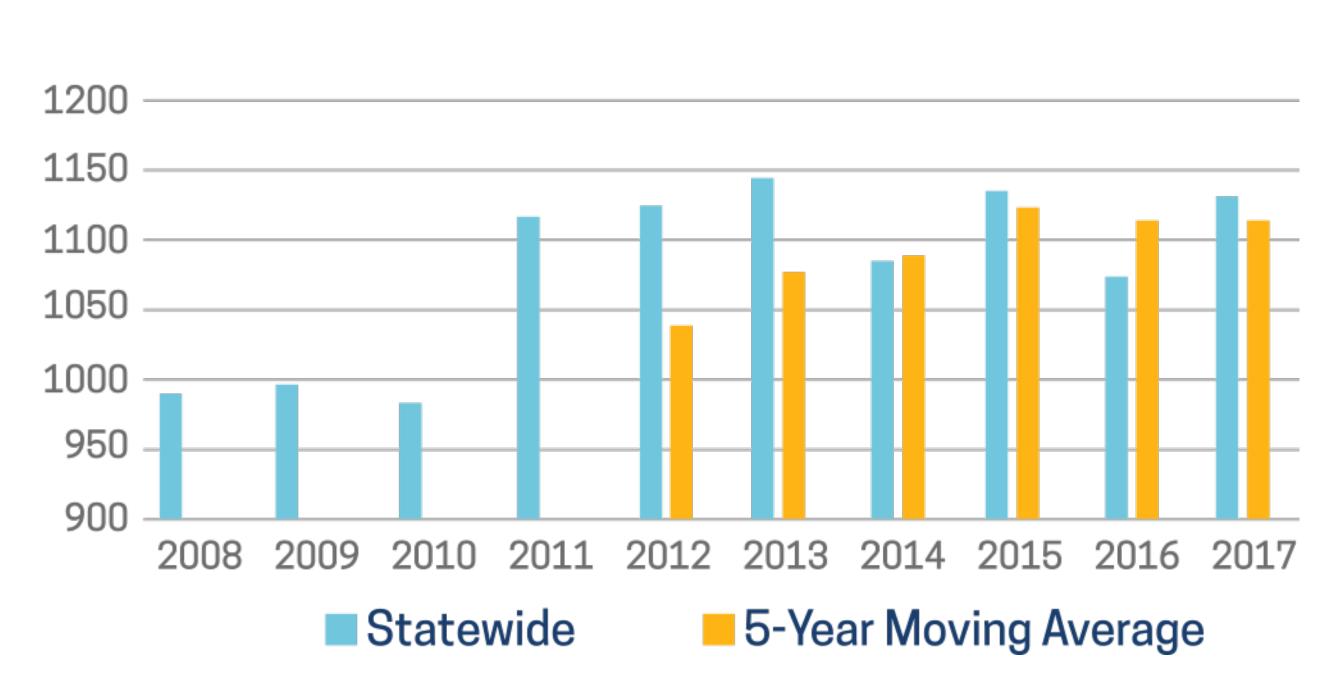
Approximately 27% of all traffic fatalities in California involved roadway departure or head-on collisions.







2008 - 2017 Collisions



# How would you reduce roadway-related collisions?

#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



Roadside Design Improvements at Curves



Enhanced Delineation and Friction for Horizontal Curves



Longitudinal Rumble Strips and Stripes



Median Barriers



Tapered Edge

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce roadway infrastructure-related collisions?

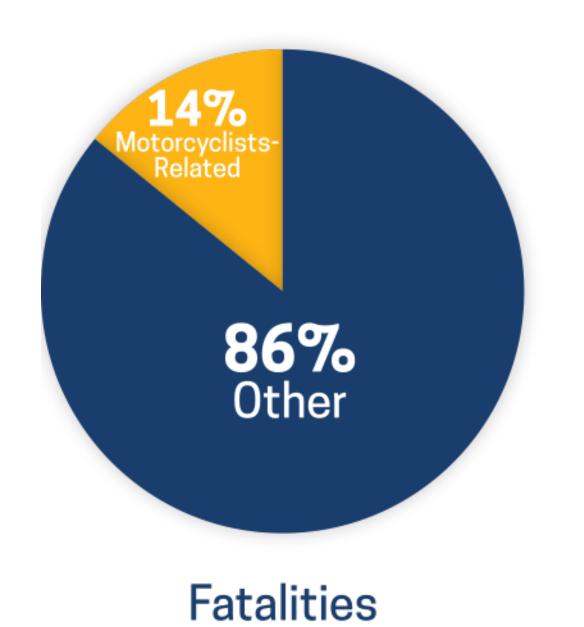


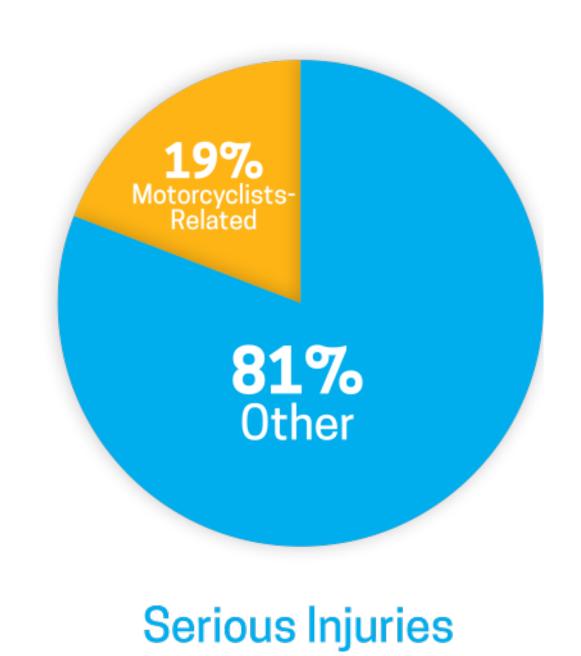


Intersection collisions include intersections, interchanges, and other roadway access.

Intersections are locations of high numbers of collisions. Approximately 43% of all traffic fatalities in California involved an intersection, interchange, or other roadway access.







3500 3000 2500 2000 1500 1000 500

2008 - 2017 Collisions

■ 5-Year Moving Average

### How would you reduce intersection-related collisions?

#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



Reduced Left-Turn Conflict Intersections



Multiple Low-Cost Measures at Stop-Controlled Intersections



Backplates with Retroreflective Borders



Corridor Access Management



Dedicated Left-turn and Right-turn lanes at Intersections



Roundabouts



Yellow Change Intervals

Statewide

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce intersection-related collisions?

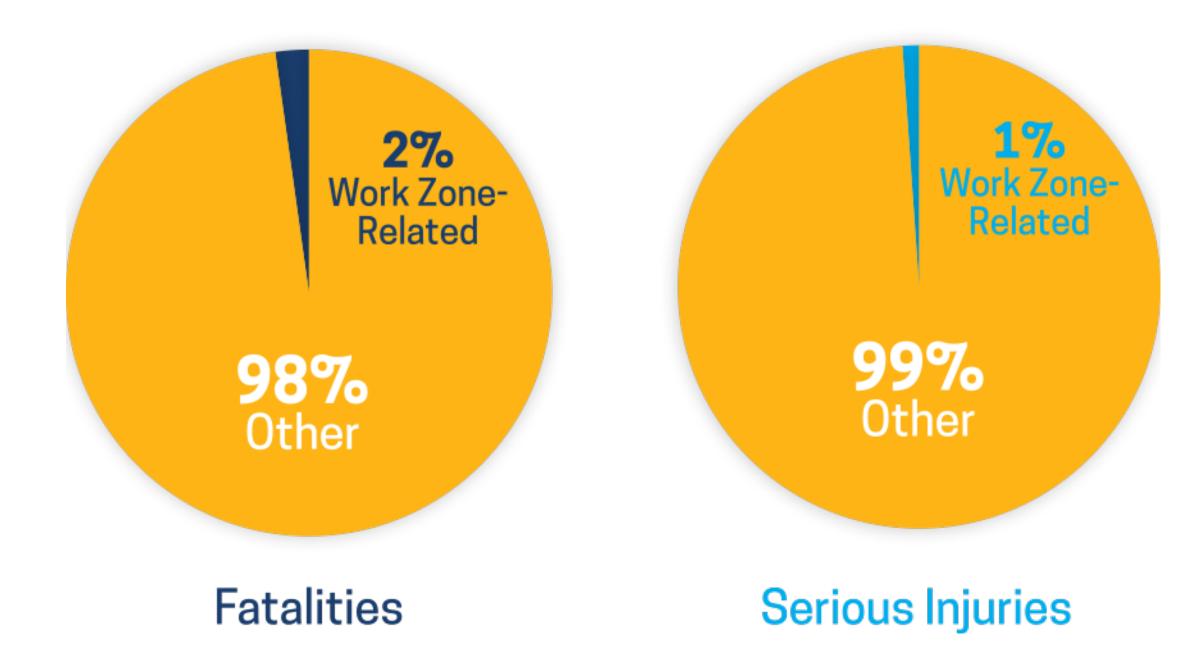




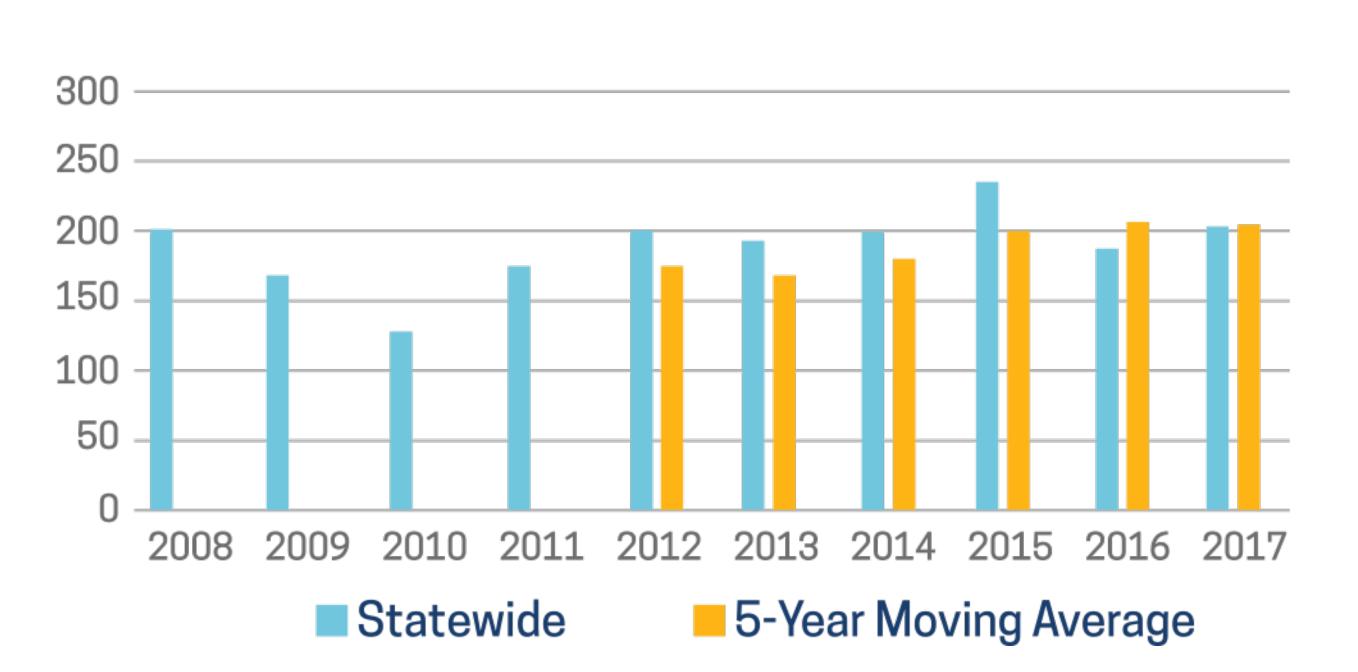
Work Zones include all roadway conditions that have construction or repair zones.

Those who work in the roadway environment are exposed to greater risk of being killed or seriously injured in traffic collisions just by being out on the road longer than most people. Approximately 2% of all traffic fatalities in California involved work zone collisions.





2008 - 2017 Collisions



### How would you reduce collisions in work zones?

#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



Educate drivers on safer driving practices in work zones.



Improve speed management and enforcement in work zones



Improve work zone design and operations to reduce the risk of work zone fatalities

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce collisions in work zones?



# DRIVERS AND PASSENGERS



Speeding and Aggressive Driving



Young Drivers



**Distracted Driving** 



Aging Drivers



Alcohol and Drug Impairment



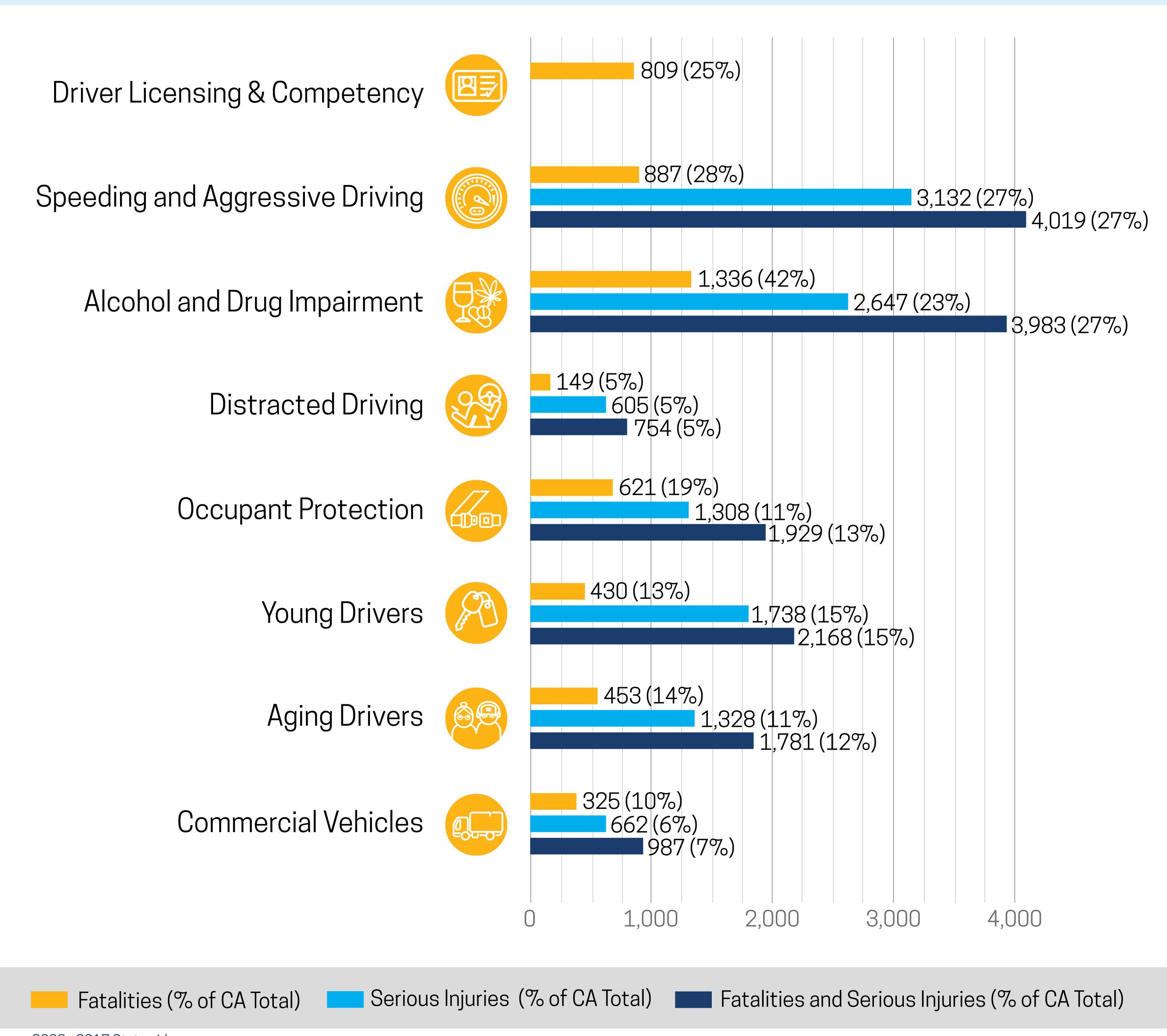
Occupant Protection



**Driving Licensing and Competency** 



**Behavior-related collisions** are inclusive of a variety of collision contributing factors including aggressive driving, alcohol and drug-involved driving, distracted driving, young drivers, or aging drivers.



#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**



#### **Example Safety Countermeasures**

#### Enforcement

- High visibility enforcement
- Publicized sobriety checkpoints
- Saturation patrols
- Enforcement of graduated driver licensing and zero tolerance laws
- Integrated enforcement

#### Education

- Education campaigns about increased enforcement
- Alternative transportation programs
- Increased parental involvement programs
- Mandatory driver education for novice drivers
- Education campaigns for physicians and law enforcement about older driver screening
- Education campaigns targeted to low seatbelt users
- School programs

#### Technology

 Automated enforcement for speed and red light running

#### Policy

- All offender alcohol ignition interlock law
- DWI courts
- Stronger graduated driver licensing laws
- Screening of older drivers

#### Training

- Employer-based programs targeting workers that are at higher risk of drowsy-driving
- Drug recognition expert training for law enforcement
- Responsible beverage service training
- Motorcycle rider training

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce Drivers and Passengers-related collisions?



Emergency response provides the last opportunity to stabilize or save the life of a person injured in a collision and is an important partner in comprehensive safety systems.

#### **Emergency Response includes the following components**

Improve incident detection, 911 access, and enhanced 911 system capabilities.

Improve on-scene medical care and transport to hospitals.

Improve access to higher-level trauma centers.

Collaborate with safety partners to improve understanding of EMS and identify opportunities to reduce collisions and save lives.

Reliable communications systems are needed in order to provide consistent and accessible information.

Provide training for the responders to develop skills related to medical interventions, devices, and medicines. Train to evaluate the level of facility to best serve those injured.

Make Level I and II trauma systems more accessible by ground and air from any point within the roadway network.

It is imperative that all responding agencies (law enforcement, fire suppression, EMS agencies, rescue extrication, roadway maintenance, and towing) have the necessary multidisciplinary training and equipment.

# How would you improve emergency response?

#### **Example Strategies**

- Fully implement enhanced 911 centers
- Participate in Next Generation 911 planning and implementation
- Implement pairing of Advanced Automated Collision Notification (AACN) data with algorithms to predict probability of injury
- Develop AACN-based predictors to alert responders of the need for vehicle extraction
- Improve and sustain excellent communications technologies for emergency medical responders
- Implement the National EMS Education Agenda for the Future, including National EMS Education Standards
- Implement field triage scheme: the Guidelines for Field Triage Injured Patient

- Develop, implement, and enforce safety engineering and design standards for ambulances, including removing Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards crashworthiness exemption
- Improve ambulance access to intelligent transportation systems
- Implement air medical transport (helicopter) use criteria
- Provide telemedicine applications for EMS
- Improve emergency medical response in rural locations and especially for mass casualty incidents
- Implement comprehensive and state-regulated trauma systems to improve access to collision victims
- Include EMS agencies in traffic incident management planning and training

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to improve emergency response?





While vehicles are rarely the sole cause of fatal collisions, they do provide opportunities for protecting occupants.

#### Vehicles include the following components

Alert drivers to risks	In-vehicle technologies that alert drivers to risks (such as speeding), prevent specific behaviors (such as impaired driving or speeding), monitor driver actions (such as eyelid closure), and alert drivers to problems with the vehicle (such as brake failure).
Assist drivers who are at risk of a collision	An audible or visible warning to alert of an imminent collision or lane departure, and systems that can intervene to control the vehicle.
Protect vehicle occupants during collisions	Protection that passenger and commercial vehicles provide during collisions, such as seat belts and airbags.
Enable communication with other vehicles and the roadway	Vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) and vehicle-to-infrastructure (V2I) technologies allow vehicles to exchange data wirelessly with other vehicles, the roadway, and drivers' wireless devices in order to assess risk and then take the appropriate action.
Ensure vehicles continue to perform as designed	Vehicle titling, registration, maintenance, damage, repair, and inspection programs are critical to reducing fatalities and serious injuries related to upkeep and maintenance of the existing vehicle population.

### How would you encourage safer vehicles to reduce collisions?

#### **Example Strategies**

- Expand the use of in-vehicle speed feedback and control technologies
- Implement technologies to monitor driver behaviors and vehicle safety features
- Further develop, test, and implement collision warning systems (forward, side, lane departure)
- Implement vehicle technologies that assist with controlling vehicles if a collision is imminent, including electronic stability control
- Improve structural strength of vehicles in right-angle collisions and overturning collisions to reduce risk of fatalities
- Develop and implement vehicle-to-vehicle and vehicle-toinfrastructure communications and include those technologies in infrastructure planning, engineering, design, management, and budgeting decisions
- Implement One Vehicle-One Record
- Provide universal access to vehicle history reports for vehicle damage of used vehicles

- What is the biggest safety issue in your community?
- What specific data should drive the strategies?
- What strategies/programs are most effective in your region? What can be done to improve implementation (such as additional best practice guidance/case studies, education, enforcement, or improving laws)?
- What other ideas do you have to reduce collisions with Vehicle-related improvements?

